1. Kamatapur Liberation Organisation is a banned militant outfit. Where does this militant outfit operate?

 West Bengal and Assam

 Assam and Nagaland

 Nagaland and Manipur

 West Bengal and Odisha

 None of the above

2. What is the state tree of Rajasthan that is slowly dying out?

 Khejri

 Kair

 Khabbar

 Kikar

 None of the above

3. The Rajya Sabha is chaired by

 The President

 Prime Minister

 Home Minister

 The Vice President

 None of the above

4. The Election Commissioner can be removed by

 Prime Minsiter

 Home Minister

 The President

 The Parliament

 None of the above

5. The term of a State Governor is (in years)

 3

 4

 5

 6

 None of the above

6. The first Governor General of India was?

 Rajaji

 Lord Canning

 Warren Hasting

 Lord Mount Batten

 None of the above

7. Who has been appointed the chief secretary of Delhi?

 MM Kutty

 KK Sharma

 Robin Das

 MM Krishna Iyer

 None of the above

8. Where must the National Anthem be played, as per SC’s ruling ?

 Movie theatres

 Shopping malls

 Temples

 Auditorium

 None of the above

9.  Opposition party has won near majority in Kuwait early elections. In how many seats out of 50 have they totally won ?

 21

 22

 23

 24

 None of the above

10.  India and which group of nations have resumed FTA talks w.e.f 15th July, 2016?

 UAE

 EU

 USA

 SAARC

 None of the above

11. The members of Parliament can express themselves in the House in

 English only

 Hindi only

 English or Hindi

 English, Hindi or mother tongue

 None of these

12. The parliament can legislate on a subject in the state list

 if the legislatures of two or more states recommend to the Parliament to legislate on such a subject with regard to those states

 for the implementation of treaties and agreements with foreign powers

 Only a

 All the above

 None of these

13. The power of Supreme Court of India to decide the dispute between the centre and states falls under its

 advisory jurisdiction

 appellate jurisdiction

 original jurisdiction

 constitutional jurisdiction

 None of these

14. The oath of office is administered to the members of state council of ministers by

 the governor

 the chief minister

 chief justice of the state high court

 speaker of legislative assembly

 None of these

15. The position of the president which was undermined by the 42nd amendment was subsequently somewhat retrieved by the

 44th amendment

 45th amendment

 26th amendment

 20th amendment

 None of these

16. The phrase 'bicameral legislature' means

 a single assembly

 an elected legislature

 a legislature consisting of a lower and an upper chamber

 parliamentary system of government

 None of these

17. The power to prorogue the Lok Sabha rests with

 the speaker

 the president

 the prime minister

 the minister for parliamentary affairs

 None of these

18. The Parliament enjoys legislative power over subjects in

 the union list only

 the concurrent list only

 both union and concurrent list

 all the three lists, viz. union list, state list and the concurrent list

 None of these

19. The Parliament can restrict or abrogate by law, fundamental rights with respect to

 the members of the armed forces

 the forces charged with the maintenance of public order

 the persons employed in any bureau or other organization established by the state for purpose of intelligence

 All of the above

 None of these

20. The name of a candidate for the office of president of India may be proposed by

 any five citizens of India

 any five members of the Parliament

 any one member of the Electoral College

 any ten members of the Electoral College

 None of these