1. How many total seats are there in Rajya Sabha?

 258

 256

 250

 252

 None of these

2. Chief Minister of a state gives his resignation to the

 Deputy Chief Minister of the state

 Governor of the state

 Chief justice of the High Court

 President of India

 None of these

3. Which of the following is not associated with Parliament?

 Prorogue

 Adjournment

 Dissolve

 Dismiss

 None of these

4. In case State emergency is declared, it needs Parliamentary approval after every \_\_\_\_\_.

 6 months

 1year

 2 year

 3 year

 None of these

5. Who can dissolve Rajya Sabha?

 The Chairman of Rajya Sabha

 The President

 The Joint-session of Parliament

 The Prime minister

 None of these

6. How many times a person can be elected as the President of India?

 One time

 Two time

 Three time

 No bar

 None of these

7. In case of no party enjoys absolute majority in the Legislative Assembly of a state, the Governor will go by

 The advice of former Cheif Minister

 The advice of the Prime Minister

 The advice of the President of India

 His own discretion

 None of these

8. The State which has the largest number of seats in the Rajya Sabha is

 Andhra Pradesh

 Uttar Pradesh

 Madhya Pradesh

 Bihar

 None of these

9. If there is a deadlock between Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha over an ordinary bill, it will be resolved by

 The President

 The Council of Ministers

 The Joint Session of Parliament

 The Supreme Court

 None of these

10. What can be the maximum interval between two sessions of Parliament?

 3 months

 4 months

 6 months

 9 months

 None of these

11. Who holds the post of Chairman of the NITI Aayog?

 Prime Minister

 Planning Minister

 An offïcial who holds the rank of a Cabinet Minister

 An economist of repute

 None of these

12. The most important feature of Cabinet system of Government is

 Individual responsibility

 Collective responsibility

 Responsibility to none

 Non-responsibility

 None of these

13. Which innovative discussion process is introduced by the Indian parliament to the World Parliamentary systems?

 Question hour

 Zero hour

 Resolutions

 Presidential Speech

 None of these

14. Which article of Indian constitution envisages that there shall be an Attorney General of India?

 Article 78

 Article 76

 Article 67

 Article 113

 Article 123

15. What qualifications should be to become a President?

 35 years of age

 He should be eligible to be elected as a member of Rajya Sabha.

 Must be an Indian citizen

 Only A and C

 All A,B and C

16. Which of the following is not matched?

 Article 54: Presidential election

 Article 55: manner of presidential election

 Article 60: Procedure for impeachment of the President

 Article 123: Power of the President to promulgate ordinance

 Article 370: Autonomous status to the state of J&K

17.  
Which of the following statements is not correct?

 President is the head of military forces of India

 President can appoint a commission to investigate into the conditions of SCs and STs.

 President can declare any area as scheduled area

 President of India chooses the chairman of the Finance Commission

 President can dismiss the governor anytime

18. Indian constitution has taken the concept of single citizenship from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 USA

 Australia

 UK

 Sweden

 Ireland

19. The powers and functions of the Chief Minister of the state are analogous to:

 President

 Prime Minister

 Governor

 Vice-President

 Cabinet Minister

20. In, India, markets in agricultural products are regulated under the

 Food Products Order, 1956 and Meat and Food Products Order, 1973

 Essential Commodities Act, 1955

 Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937

 None

 a or b